

| <b>CHILD PROTECTION</b>   |      |
|---|------|
| <b>Child labour (%) + 2002-2012*, , total</b>   | 16.4 |
| <b>Child labour (%) + 2002-2012*, , male</b>  | 17.3 |
| <b>Child labour (%) + 2002-2012*, , female</b>  | 15.5 |
| <b>Child marriage (%) 2002-2012*, married by 15</b>   | 5.5  |
| <b>Child marriage (%) 2002-2012*, married by 18</b>   | 23   |
| <b>Birth registration (%) 2005-2012*, total</b>   | 87.9 |
| <b>Female genital mutilation/cutting (%) 2002-2012*, prevalence, women a</b>                  | –    |
| <b>Female genital mutilation/cutting (%) 2002-2012*, prevalence, daughtersb</b>               | –    |
| <b>Female genital mutilation/cutting (%) 2002-2012*, attitudes, support for the practicec</b> | –    |
| <b>Justification of wife-beating (%) 2002-2012*, male</b>                                     | 19.3 |
| <b>Justification of wife-beating (%) 2002-2012*, female</b>                                   | 16.3 |
| <b>Violent discipline (%) + 2005-2012*, total</b>   | 76.3 |
| <b>Violent discipline (%) + 2005-2012*, male</b>  | 78.9 |
| <b>Violent discipline (%) + 2005-2012*, female</b>  | 73.5 |

| <b>DEFINITIONS OF THE INDICATORS</b>  |
|---|
| <b>Child labour – Percentage of children aged 5 to 14 years of age involved in child labour activities at the moment of the survey. A child is considered to be involved in child labour activities under the following classification: (a) children 5 to 11 years of age that during the week preceding the survey did at least one hour of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic work, and (b) children 12 to 14 years of age that during the week preceding the survey did at least 14 hours of economic activity or at least 42 hours of economic activity and domestic work combined.</b> |
| <b>Child labour background variables – Sex of the child; urban or rural place of residence; poorest 20% or richest 20% of the population constructed from household assets (a more detailed description of the household wealth estimation procedure can be found at <a href="http://www.childinfo.org">www.childinfo.org</a>); mother’s education, reflecting mothers with and without some level of education.</b>  |
| <b>Birth registration – Percentage of children less than five years of age that were registered at the moment of</b>  |

**the survey. The numerator of this indicator includes children whose birth certificate was seen by the interviewer or whose mother or caretaker says the birth has been registered.**

**Female genital mutilation/cutting – (a) Women – the percentage of women aged 15 to 49 years of age who have been mutilated/cut. (b) Daughters – the percentage of women aged 15 to 49 with at least one mutilated/cut daughter. Female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) involves the cutting or alteration of the female genitalia for social reasons. Generally, there are three recognized types of FGM/C: clitoridectomy, excision and infibulation. Clitoridectomy is the removal of the prepuce with or without excision of all or part of the clitoris. Excision is the removal of the prepuce and clitoris along with all or part of the labia minora. Infibulation is the most severe form and consists of removal of all or part of the external genitalia, followed by joining together of the two sides of the labia minora using threads, thorns or other materials to narrow the vaginal opening. A more detailed analysis of these data can also be found at [www.measuredhs.com](http://www.measuredhs.com) and [www.measurecommunication.org](http://www.measurecommunication.org)**

**MAIN DATA SOURCES**

**Child labour – Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) and Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).**

**Birth registration – MICS and DHS.**

**Female genital mutilation/cutting – DHS conducted during the period 1996-2001 and MICS conducted during the period 1999-2001.**

**NOTES**

**Only countries whose adult prevalence rate of HIV/AIDS is 1% or higher and/or where 50% or more of the population lives in malaria–endemic areas are included.**

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|---|---------------------|
| - | Data not available. |
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|   |  |
|---|--|
| x | Indicates data that refer to years or periods other than those specified in the column heading, differ from the standard definition, or refer to only part of a country. |
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|   |   |
|---|---|
| * | Data refer to the most recent year available during the period specified in the column heading. |
|---|---|

| <b>ADOLESCENTS</b>  |       |
|---|-------|
| <b>Population aged 10-19, Thousands 2012</b>                                    | 172.6 |
| <b>Population aged 10-19, Proportion of total population (%) 2012</b>           | 21.7  |
| <b>Adolescents currently married/ in union (%) 2002-2012* , male</b>            | 1.2   |
| <b>Adolescents currently married/ in union (%) 2002-2012* , female</b>          | 16.2  |
| <b>Births by age 18 (%) 2008-2012*</b>  | 15.9  |
| <b>Adolescent birth rate 2006-2010*</b>   | 97    |
| <b>Justification of wife-beating among adolescents (%) 2002-2012* , male</b>    | 25.1  |
| <b>Justification of wife-beating among adolescents (%) 2002-2012* , female</b>  | 17.7  |
| <b>Use of mass media among adolescents (%) 2002-2012* , male</b>                | 93.8  |
| <b>Use of mass media among adolescents (%) 2002-2012* , female</b>              | 93.9  |
| <b>Lower secondary school gross enrolment ratio 2008-2012*</b>                  | 98.5  |
| <b>Upper secondary school gross enrolment ratio 2008-2012*</b>                  | 84.4  |
| <b>Comprehensive knowledge of HIV among adolescents (%) 2008-2012* , male</b>   | 44.5  |
| <b>Comprehensive knowledge of HIV among adolescents (%) 2008-2012* , female</b> | 53.1  |
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| <b>EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT</b>   |      |
|--|------|
| <b>Attendance in early childhood education 2005-2012*, total</b>             | 49.2 |
| <b>Attendance in early childhood education 2005-2012*, male</b>              | 47.7 |
| <b>Attendance in early childhood education 2005-2012*, female</b>            | 50.4 |
| <b>Attendance in early childhood education 2005-2012*, poorest 20%</b>       | 33   |
| <b>Attendance in early childhood education 2005-2012*, richest 20%</b>       | 77.7 |
| <b>Adult support for learning ++ 2005-2012*, total</b>                       | 88.6 |
| <b>Adult support for learning ++ 2005-2012*, male</b>                        | 87.9 |
| <b>Adult support for learning ++ 2005-2012*, female</b>                      | 89.2 |
| <b>Adult support for learning ++ 2005-2012*, poorest 20%</b>                 | 76.7 |
| <b>Adult support for learning ++ 2005-2012*, richest 20%</b>                 | 99   |
| <b>Father's support for learning ++ 2005-2012*</b>                           | 51.5 |
| <b>Learning materials at home 2005-2012*, Children's books , total</b>       | 54.4 |
| <b>Learning materials at home 2005-2012*, Children's books , poorest 20%</b> | 28.4 |
| <b>Learning materials at home 2005-2012*, Children's books , richest 20%</b> | 85.9 |
| <b>Learning materials at home 2005-2012*, Playthings ++, total</b>           | 65   |
| <b>Learning materials at home 2005-2012*, Playthings ++, poorest 20%</b>     | 66.7 |
| <b>Learning materials at home 2005-2012*, Playthings ++, richest 20%</b>     | 59.9 |
| <b>Children left in inadequate care 2005-2012*, total</b>                    | 11.3 |
| <b>Children left in inadequate care 2005-2012*, male</b>                     | 12.8 |
| <b>Children left in inadequate care 2005-2012*, female</b>                   | 9.7  |
| <b>Children left in inadequate care 2005-2012*, poorest 20%</b>              | 19.2 |
| <b>Children left in inadequate care 2005-2012*, richest 20%</b>              | 5.8  |